



University of the Philippines Manila The Health Sciences Center COLLEGE OF NURSING WHO Collaborating Center for Leadership in Nursing Development

N4: Basic Pathophysiology

Second Semester, Academic Year 2020-2021



Alterations in Visual – Auditory Perception

Our special sensory system helps us perceive and react according to the perceived stimuli, helps us to function and adapt to our environments. Images captured by our eyes, or the sounds that reach the nerve fibers in the inner ears are transmitted as stimuli in order for our brain to process accordingly. But what if these images and sounds were distorted because of the damage borne out of the disorders of our visual and auditory organs?

Alterations in the sensory functions may be the result of many factors such as genetics, environmental harmful substances such as trauma, infection, toxins, and the normal aging of our body. This study guide will be useful in finding out those sensory alterations.

Learning Outcomes

- 1. Identifies etiologic and predisposing/risk factors related to the common alterations in vision and auditory perception
- 2. Derives sequence of pathophysiologic events
- 3. Describes common manifestations as they relate to specific alterations.
- 4. Recognizes the universality of the pathophysiologic mechanisms of specific altered regulatory functions

Learning Activities

Topic/Content	Methodology	Assessment	
Review of the Sensory-Perception System	Lecture Video	Pre-Topic Quiz	
Alterations in Visual Perception Eyelids: Blepharitis Lens: Astigmatism, Cataracts, Cornea: Keratitis, Conjunctivitis Optic Nerve: Glaucoma Retinal Detachment, Retinoblastoma Eye muscles: Strabismus Errors Of Refraction Optic nerve and meshwork system: Glaucoma	Lecture Video Activity for Vision	Self-Check Form	
Alterations in Auditory Perception External Ear: Chondritis, Perichondritis Middle Ear: Myringitis Otitis media	Lecture slides		
Inner Ear: Meniere's disease dizziness (vertigo), ringing / muffling (tinnitus),			
		Post-Topic Quiz	

Activities:

Do you still remember your Visual Acuity Test table in N3 Anatomy and Physiology? You did the **Distance Visual Acuity** in your N3 lab where you read the letters on the Snellen Chart at 20 feet without glasses and without glasses. You will have to fill another table of your visual acuity but this time, with additional cells for the Near Visual Acuity and Near Point of Vision. Again, you have to have another person with you when you do these activities. Here are the table and the instructions:

Near Visual Acuity is measured using a Snellen Acuity Card

- Have the subject hold the Snellen acuity card 14 inches from his or her face. The card should be illuminated with the light source either behind or above the subject. Instruct the subject to cover the left eye with his or her hand.
- Repeat the steps used to measure distance visual acuity, with the hand covering the right eye this time. Record the values in the Table below:

Tests	Results Left Right		Remarks
Near visual acuity			
Near Point of Vision			
Astigmatism			

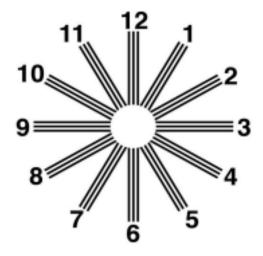
Near Point of Vision:

• Have the subject hold the Snellen visual acuity card 14 inches from his or her face. • Have the subject cover the left eye and read letters from a line above his or her near visual acuity. • Instruct the subject to slowly move the chart closer to his or her face until the letters are blurry. • Measure the distance from the card to the subject's eye in centimeters.

Do you have astigmatism?

- Remove corrective lenses.
- Cover the right eye and look at the center of the astigmatism chart below.
- If all the radiating lines are equally sharp and dark, you do not have astigmatism. If some lines are lighter or less distinct than others, you have astigmatism.
- Cover the left eye and repeat the procedure

· Write YES or NO for each eye on the Astigmatism row



Astigmatism chart courtesy of Pintrest.ca



Courtesy of amazon.com

Self-Check: Alterations in Visual – Auditory Perception

Fill out this form as or immediately after you view the lecture videos.

Description			
4			
1.			
2.			
Insights: I used to think but after reading articles and watching videos, I			

Resource Person

Asst. Professor Mary Joan Therese Valera-Kourdache, RN, MPH

Supplemental materials

The Sensory Systems: https://youtu.be/fVqKJSZQQTo?t=56

Disorders of the Eyes and Ears: https://youtu.be/vsGbtfztOm4?t=343