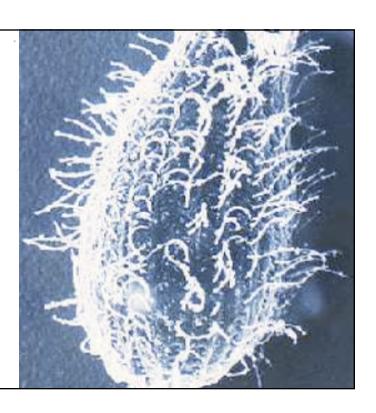


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#### Balantidium coli

- Largest protozoan and the only ciliate parasitic to humans
- Responsible for the disease balantidiasis



# Zoonotic disease acquired by humans via the fecal-oral route

#### Balantidiosis

Normal host is the pig which are asymptomatic for the disease.

Disease is world-wide in distribution but mostly in hog-raising countries.

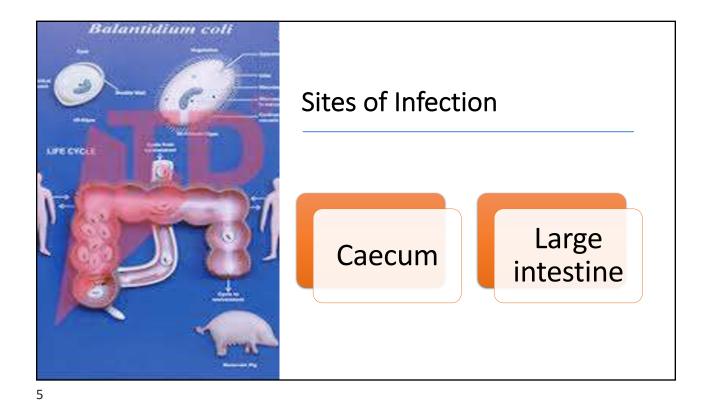
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# Hosts of Balantidium coli

Pigs and monkeys are common hosts.

Can also be found in dogs.

Humans also acquire the disease hence its zoonotic description.

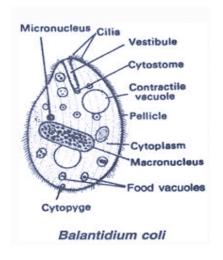


Two Stages of Balantidium coli

Trophozoite

Cyst

#### B. coli Trophozoite



Oval, pointed at anterior end

50-130 um long

Covered in cilia

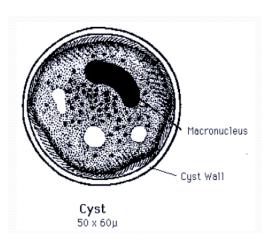
Non-infective

Reproduce by binary fission and conjugation

With micronucleus and macronucleus

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## B. coli Cyst



**Spherical** 

40-60 um across

Covered with thick hard cyst wall

With cilia

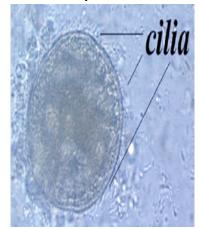
Infective stage

Non-reproductive

With macronucleus

#### Balantidium coli

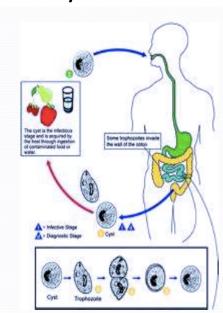
#### **Trophozoite**







#### Life Cycle of *B. coli*



- Cyst is the infective stage.
- Cyst is ingested in food contaminated with feces or contaminated water.
- Passes into the host digestive system.
- Excystation occurs in the small intestine releasing the trophozoite.
- Motile trophozoite resides in the lumen of large intestine feeding on intestinal nutrients.
- Trophozoites multiply by asexual binary fission or sexual conjugation.
- They may become invasive and penetrate the mucosa of the large intestine.
- Trophozoites encysts and released into the environment through the feces.

Signs and Symptoms of Balantidiasis Acute and can even be hemorrhagic

Diarrhea

Ulceration in gut wall

Dysentery

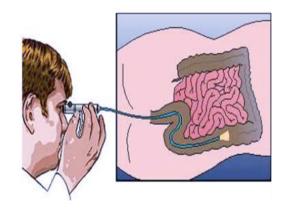
**Colitis** 

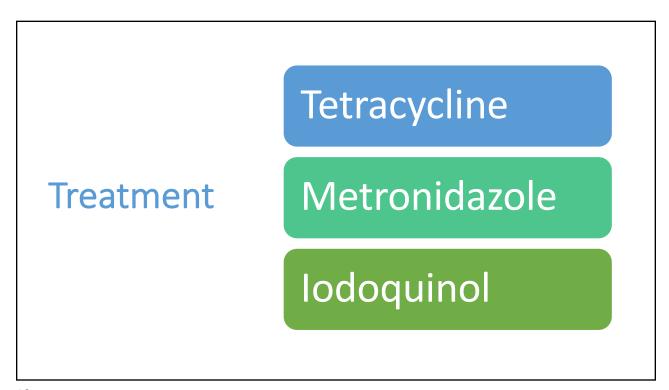
Abdominal pain

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## Diagnosis of Balantidiasis

- Microscopic examination of patient's stool
- Biopsy
- Use of sigmoid scope to visually inspect the last sections os the large intestine





Control and Prevention	Avoid	Avoid ingestion of contaminated food and water.
	Ensure	Ensure proper disposal of human waste and pig waste.
	Treat	Treat infected pigs and humans
	Prevent	Prevent fecal contamination of food and water supply.

